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Non proper elementary embeddings beyond $L(V_{\lambda+1})$

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Chart of Cardinals

The arrows indicates direct implications or relative consistency implications, often both.



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Open Problems Reinhardt Hypothesis: there exists an elementary embedding $j: V \prec V$.

It's a natural strengthening of the hypothesis with a $j: V \prec M$.

Theorem (Kunen, 1971)

If $j: V \prec M$, then $M \neq V$.

The critical sequence has an important role in the proof:

Definition

$$\kappa_0 = crit(j), \ \kappa_{n+1} = j(\kappa_n), \ \lambda = \sup_{n \in \omega} \kappa_n.$$

Kunen's proof uses a choice function that is in $V_{\lambda+2}$. So

Corollary

There is no $j: V_{\eta} \prec V_{\eta}$, with $\eta \geq \lambda + 2$.

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Open Problems It is natural to define the following Hypoteses-Axioms, also called rank-to-rank

Definition

■ I3: There exists an elementary embedding $j: V_{\lambda} \prec V_{\lambda}$.

■ I1: There exists an elementary embedding

$$: V_{\lambda+1} \prec V_{\lambda+1}.$$

■ 10 (or Woodin's Axiom): There exists an elementary embedding $j : L(V_{\lambda+1}) \prec L(V_{\lambda+1})$ with critical point less than λ .

The last one was proposed by Woodin to prove the consistency of $AD_{\mathbb{R}}$, but it became obsolete for that purpose. Nonetheless, I0 leads to interesting results.

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Open Problems Since the cofinality of λ is ω , $V_{\lambda+1}$ is quite similar to $V_{\omega+1}$. So $L(V_{\lambda+1})$ is quite similar to $L(\mathbb{R})$, e.g.:

• $L(V_{\lambda+1}) \vDash \mathsf{DC}_{\lambda};$

• we can define $\Theta = \sup\{\alpha : \exists \pi : V_{\lambda+1} \twoheadrightarrow \alpha, \pi \in L(V_{\lambda+1})\}$ and it is regular...

Quite surprisingly, I0 is similar to $AD^{L(\mathbb{R})}$.

- I0 \rightarrow the Coding Lemma is true in $L(V_{\lambda+1})$;
- \blacksquare I0 \rightarrow Θ is a limit of measurable cardinals. . .

So, I0 is the first example of what we can call "Higher Determinacy Axiom".

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Are there other examples?

Is there a higher correspondent of $AD^{L(\mathbb{R},X)}$, with $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}$? Intuitevely, it must be "There is an elementary embedding $j: L(V_{\lambda+1}, X) \prec L(V_{\lambda+1}, X)$, with $X \subseteq V_{\lambda+1}$ ".

This suffices to prove the Coding Lemma, but there aren't proofs that it implies that the corresponding Θ is a limit of measurable cardinals.

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Open Problems However, the problem is resolved if we put another condition on the elementary embedding:

Definition

 $j : L(X, V_{\lambda+1}) \prec L(X, V_{\lambda+1})$ is *proper* if the fixed points of j are cofinal in Θ .

(Actually this is not the original definition of properness, but for the purposes of the talk this is an equivalent definition)

Is there a higher correspondent of $AD_{\mathbb{R}}$? There is no evident elementary embedding form... so the way chose by Woodin is defining an analogous of the minimum model of $AD_{\mathbb{R}}$.

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Definition

Define a sequence of $\Gamma_{\alpha} \subseteq \wp(\mathbb{R})$ by induction on α : $\Gamma_0 = \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R}) \cap \wp(\mathbb{R});$

If α is a limit ordinal then $\Gamma_{\alpha} = L((\bigcup_{\beta < \alpha} \Gamma_{\beta})^{\omega}) \cap \wp(\mathbb{R});$

If $\operatorname{cof}(\Theta^{L(\Gamma_{\alpha})}) = \omega$, then $\Gamma_{\alpha+1} = L((\Gamma_{\alpha})^{\omega}, \mathbb{R}) \cap \wp(\mathbb{R})$, otherwise $\Gamma_{\alpha+1} = L(\Gamma_{\alpha})[\mathcal{F}] \cap \wp(\mathbb{R})$, where \mathcal{F} is the ω -club filter in $\Theta^{L(\Gamma_{\alpha})}$.

The sequence stops when $L(\Gamma_{\alpha}) \nvDash AD$ or $\Gamma_{\alpha} = \Gamma_{\alpha+1}$

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Open Problems So, Woodin defined a sequence $\langle {\it E}^{0}_{\alpha}:\alpha<\Upsilon\rangle$ such that

- $V_{\lambda+1} \subset E^0_{\alpha} \subset V_{\lambda+2};$
- if $\beta < \alpha$ then $E_{\beta}^{0} \subset E_{\alpha}^{0}$;

•
$$E_0^0 = L(V_{\lambda+1}) \cap V_{\lambda+2};$$

- for α limit, $E^0_{\alpha} = L(\bigcup_{\beta < \alpha} E^0_{\beta}) \cap V_{\lambda+2};$
- for every α there exists $X \subseteq V_{\lambda+1}$ such that $L(E^0_{\alpha+1}) = L(X, V_{\lambda+1});$
- $E^0_{\alpha+2} = L((X, V_{\lambda+1})^{\sharp}) \cap V_{\lambda+2};$
- for every $\alpha < \Upsilon$ there exists an elementary embedding $j : L(E_{\alpha}^{0}) \prec L(E_{\alpha}^{0});$
- the sequence E_{α} has absoluteness properties.

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Open Problems In this definition new kinds of elementary embedding appear, i.e $j : L(E) \prec L(E)$, with $V_{\lambda+1} \subset E \subset V_{\lambda+2}$ and $L(E) \cap V_{\lambda+2} = E$.

This sequence creates a whole new playground, where the main characters are:

$$\mathsf{E}^0_{\alpha} \quad \Theta^{L(\mathsf{E}^0_{\alpha})} \quad (\mathsf{E}^0_{\alpha})^{\sharp}$$

and their correlation, expecially at limit points. Examples:

If
$$E^0_{\beta} = \bigcup_{\gamma < \beta} E^0_{\beta}$$
, then $\Theta^{E^0_{\beta}} = \sup_{\gamma < \beta} \Theta^{E^0_{\gamma}}$.

• If $L(E^0_\beta) = L(X, V_{\lambda+1})$, then $(E^0_\beta)^{\sharp}$ has no predecessor.

Lemma (Woodin)

Let $\eta < \Upsilon_{V_{\lambda+1}}$ be a limit ordinal. If $\Theta^{E_{\eta}^{0}} > \sup_{\beta < \eta} \Theta^{E_{\beta}^{0}}$, then there exists $Y \in E_{\eta}^{0}$ such that $L(E_{\eta}^{0}) = L(Y, V_{\lambda+1})$.

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Open Problems This correlations are more significant when $L(E_{\beta}^{0}) \vDash V = HOD_{V_{\lambda+1}}$, i.e in an initial segment fo Υ . Examples:

- $\Theta^{E^0_\beta}$ is regular.
- If $E^0_{\beta} = \bigcup_{\gamma < \beta} E^0_{\beta}$, then $\beta = \Theta^{E^0_{\beta}}$.
- (Woodin) If j : L(E⁰_β) ≺ L(E⁰_β) is proper, then the Coding Lemma holds and Θ is limit of measurables.

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Open Problems We can extend the definition of proper to this embeddings: j is proper if the fixed points of j are cofinal in Θ . Is this definition really relevant? Is it possible that all the elementary embeddings are proper? Fact: if α is a successor ordinal or a limit ordinal with cofinality $> \omega$, every embedding is proper; Fact 2: if we have $j : L(X, V_{\lambda+1}) \prec L(X, V_{\lambda+1})$ and $k \supset j \upharpoonright L(X, V_{\lambda+1}) \cap V_{\lambda+2}$, $k : L((X, V_{\lambda+1})^{\sharp}) \prec L((X, V_{\lambda+1})^{\sharp})$,

then k is proper.

Theorem 1

Let α be the least such that $L((E_{\alpha}^{0})^{\sharp}) \cap V_{\lambda+2} = E_{\alpha}^{0}$. Then there exists an elementary embedding $j : L(E_{\alpha}^{0}) \prec L(E_{\alpha}^{0})$ that is not proper.

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Open Problems The fundamental property of such α is that

 $\alpha = \Theta^{L(E_{\alpha}^{0})} = \Theta^{L((E_{\alpha}^{0})^{\sharp})}$, so this provides a model, $L((E_{\alpha}^{0})^{\sharp})$ that is big enough to "know" deeply $L(E_{\alpha}^{0})$, but such that α is not too small in it.

Another important consideration is that even if $(E_{\gamma}^{0})^{\sharp} \notin L(E_{\gamma}^{0})$, its fragments are in E_{γ}^{0} , so if we have an elementary embedding from E_{α}^{0} to itself that conserves the fragments (\sharp -friendly?), it can be easily lifted to $L(E_{\alpha}^{0})$.

In a big enough model, we can treat elementary embeddings as sets.

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Open Problems The proof of Theorem 1 uses this game: $\begin{array}{cccc} I & k_0 & k_1 & k_2 \\ & & & & \\ II & \eta_0 & \eta_1 \end{array}$

where the ks are \sharp -friendly elementary embeddings from $E_{\beta_i}^0$ to $E_{\beta_{i+1}}^0$, $\beta_i < \eta_1 < \beta_{i+1}$ and $k_i \subseteq k_{i+1}$. In $L((E_{\alpha}^0)^{\sharp})$ I has a winning strategy.

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Theorem

Let α be the least such that $L((E_{\alpha}^{0})^{\sharp}) \cap V_{\lambda+2} = E_{\alpha}^{0}$. Then there exists an elementary embedding $j : L(E_{\alpha}^{0}) \prec L(E_{\alpha}^{0})$ that is proper.

There are two proofs of that. One can use *j* from $L((E_{\alpha}^{0})^{\sharp\sharp})$ to itself or we can use again the game.

Theorem 2

Let α be such that $\{\gamma < \alpha : (E_{\gamma}^{0})^{\sharp} \subseteq (E_{\alpha}^{0})^{\sharp}\}$ has ordertype λ . Then every $j : L(E_{\alpha}^{0}) \prec L(E_{\alpha}^{0})$ is not proper.

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Open Problems We call α the ordinal from Theorem 1 and β the least one between those from Theorem 2

 $\bullet \ \alpha > \beta$

■ If $j, k : L(E^0_\beta) \prec L(E^0_\beta)$ agree upon $V_{\lambda+1}$ and the indiscernibles, than they are equal.

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- Is it possible to use the game from Theorem 1 to prove other things? E.g. there are 2^λ possible elementary embeddings from L(E⁰_α) to itself that agree on V_{λ+1}, or there are two elementary embeddings with no fixed points in common.
- Is the definition of proper relevant for the elementary embeddings between *L*(*X*, *V*_{λ+1})?
- Is there a value of Υ that is inconsistent?